

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2026 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 800

BY SENATORS WILLIS AND WOELFEL

[Reported February 12, 2026, from the Committee on
the Judiciary]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §52-1-1, §52-1-3, §52-1-5, §52-1-5a, §52-1-6, §52-1-7, §52-1-8,
2 §52-1-9, §52-1-15, §52-1-16, §52-1-22, and §52-2-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931,
3 as amended; and to repeal §52-1-7a and §52-1-25, relating to juries; clarifying policy of
4 state regarding jury service; defining terms; setting forth duties and procedures for
5 compilation and maintenance of a master list and county lists for the administrative director
6 and circuit clerks; clarifying clerk duties with respect to juror qualification forms; clarifying
7 procedures for jury wheel; eliminating alternate procedure for selection of jury by electronic
8 data processing methods; eliminating the use of a jury box; providing for certain qualified
9 jurors to be used in event of unanticipated shortage; clarifying procedures for preservation
10 of records; clarifying criminal offense of fraud by tampering with the jury wheel; eliminating
11 provision requiring present methods of jury selection remain in effect until preparation of
12 master list; and clarifying procedures for selection and summoning of grand jurors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 1. PETIT JURIES.

§52-1-1. Declaration of policy.

1 It is the policy of this state that all persons selected for jury service be selected at random
2 from a fair cross section of the population of the ~~area~~ county served by the court, and that all
3 citizens have the opportunity in accordance with this article to be considered for jury service and
4 an obligation to serve as jurors when summoned for that purpose.

§52-1-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 "Administrative director" means the individual appointed by the Supreme Court of Appeals
3 under Section 3, Article VIII of the West Virginia Constitution.

4 ~~(1) "The court"~~ "Court" means the circuit and magistrate courts of this state, and includes,
5 when the context requires, any judge of the court;

6 ~~(2)~~ "Clerk" means clerk of the circuit court and includes any deputy circuit clerk;

7 ~~(3) "Master list" means the master list of residents of the county from which prospective~~
8 ~~jurors are to be chosen, and~~ all 55 counties in West Virginia which is compiled in accordance with
9 the provisions of ~~section five of this article~~ §52-1-5 of this code;

10 "County list" means the subset of the master list specific to each county from which
11 prospective jurors are to be chosen;

12 (4) "Persons who are registered to vote" means persons whose names appear on the
13 official records of the clerk of the county commission as persons registered with the Office of the
14 Secretary of State to vote in the most recent general election;

15 ~~(5) "Drivers' license lists" means the official records of persons licensed by the state~~
16 Division of Motor Vehicles to operate motor vehicles and who reside within the county; ~~and have~~
17 ~~applied for a driver's license or renewal of a driver's license within the preceding two years. The~~
18 ~~department of motor vehicles shall furnish such a list upon request of the clerk of the circuit court;~~

19 ~~(6) "Jury wheel" means any electronic system in which are placed names or identifying~~
20 ~~numbers of prospective jurors taken from the master list and from which names are drawn at~~
21 ~~random for jury panels.~~

22 ~~(7) "Jury box" means any physical, nonelectronic device in which are placed names or~~
23 ~~identifying numbers of prospective jurors taken from the master list and from which names are~~
24 ~~drawn at random for jury panels.~~

**§52-1-5. Master list; method for compilation; additional freeholder list; lists to be available
to public.**

1 ~~(a) In each county, the clerk shall compile and maintain a~~ The administrative director or
2 his or her designee shall compile the master list of residents of the county from which prospective
3 jurors are to be chosen. ~~The master list shall be a list of individuals compiled from~~ consisting of
4 persons appearing on not less than two of the following source lists:

5 (1) Persons who have filed a state personal income tax return for the preceding tax year;

6 (2) Persons who are registered to vote in the county; or

7 (3) Persons who hold a valid motor vehicle operator's or chauffeur's license as determined
8 from the driver's license lists provided by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

9 ~~(b) The clerk shall compile the master list shall be compiled by combining all the names~~
10 ~~from each source used and eliminating all duplicates as follows: or by selecting a sample of names~~
11 ~~from each source used by means of a random key number system. If a sample of names is~~
12 ~~selected from each source list, the same percentage of names must be selected from each list.~~
13 ~~as follows:~~

14 (1) One source list shall be designated a primary source;

15 (2) Names selected from the second source shall be compared with the entire list of names
16 on the primary source;

17 (3) Duplicate names shall be removed from the second source ~~sample~~ and the remaining
18 names shall be combined with the ~~sample of~~ names selected from the primary source to form the
19 master list; and

20 (4) If more than two source lists are used, this process shall be repeated, using the
21 previously combined list for comparison with the third source list, and so on.

22 (c) The administrative director or his or her designee shall provide each clerk with his or
23 her county list from which prospective jurors are to be chosen, and the clerk shall maintain the
24 county list.

25 ~~(b)~~ (d) The master list ~~so compiled~~ shall be used for a period of two years or ~~such~~ any
26 other period as designated by the ~~chief judge~~ Supreme Court of Appeals or its designee.

27 (e) In October of each odd-numbered year, or at other times, the administrative director
28 or his or her designee shall remove from the jury wheel the names of all persons who have, within
29 the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as petit jurors, grand jurors, or magistrate
30 court jurors, and who have actually attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and been
31 reimbursed for their expenses as jurors pursuant to the provisions of §52-1-21 or §52-2-13 of this

32 code, or any applicable rules of the Supreme Court of Appeals promulgated pursuant to §50-5-8
33 of this code.

34 ~~(e)~~ (f) In addition to the master list required to be compiled under the provisions of
35 ~~subsection (a)~~ of this section, the clerk shall compile a list of persons who pay real property taxes
36 to compile and maintain a list of freeholders to be used as jurors in ~~condemnation~~ eminent domain
37 cases.

38 (g) The names from the county list provided to the clerks and freeholder list shall be open
39 for public inspection in person during business hours.

40 ~~(d)~~ (h) Any public officer of an agency, department, or political subdivision of this state
41 having custody, possession or control of any of the source lists designated to be used in compiling
42 the master list shall make the source list available to the ~~clerk~~ administrative director or his or her
43 designee for inspection, reproduction, and copying at all reasonable times: *Provided*, That the
44 Tax Commissioner ~~shall be~~ is exempt from this requirement. ~~The master list and the freeholder~~
45 ~~list shall be open to the public for examination.~~

§52-1-5a. Jury qualification form; contents; procedure for use; penalties.

1 (a) Not less than 20 days before the date for which persons are to report for jury duty, the
2 clerk may, if directed by the court, serve by first-class mail, upon each person listed on the ~~master~~
3 county list, a juror qualification form accompanied by instructions necessary for its completion:
4 *Provided*, That the clerk may, if directed by the court, mail the juror qualification form to only those
5 prospective jurors drawn for jury service under the provisions of ~~section seven of this article~~ §52-
6 1-7 of this code. Each prospective juror shall be directed to complete the form and return it by
7 mail to the clerk within 10 days after its receipt. The juror qualification form is subject to approval
8 by the ~~circuit court~~ administrative director ~~as to matters of form~~ and shall elicit the following
9 information concerning the prospective juror:

10 (1) The juror's name, sex, race, age, and marital status;

11 (2) The juror's level of educational attainment, occupation and place of employment;

12 (3) If married, the name of the juror's spouse and the occupation and place of employment
13 of the spouse;

14 (4) The juror's residence address and the juror's mailing address if different from the
15 residence address;

16 (5) The number of children which the juror has and their ages;

17 (6) Whether the juror is a citizen of the United States and a resident of the county;

18 (7) Whether the juror is able to read, speak, and understand the English language;

19 (8) Whether the juror has any physical or mental disability substantially impairing the
20 capacity to render satisfactory jury service: *Provided*, That a juror with a physical disability, who
21 can with reasonable accommodation render competent service, is eligible for service;

22 (9) Whether the juror has, within the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as a
23 petit juror, grand juror, or magistrate court juror, and has actually attended sessions of the
24 magistrate or circuit court and been reimbursed for his or her expenses as a juror;

25 (10) Whether the juror has lost the right to vote because of a criminal conviction; and

26 (11) Whether the juror has been convicted of perjury, false swearing, or any crime
27 punishable by imprisonment in excess of one year under the applicable law of this state, another
28 state, or the United States.

29 The juror qualification form may also request information concerning the prospective
30 juror's religious preferences and organizational affiliations, except that the form and the
31 accompanying instructions shall clearly inform the juror that this information need not be provided
32 if the juror declines to answer ~~such~~ the inquiries.

33 (b) The juror qualification form shall contain the prospective juror's declaration that the
34 responses are true to the best of the prospective juror's knowledge and an acknowledgment that
35 a willful misrepresentation of a material fact may be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or
36 imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or both fine and imprisonment. Notarization of the juror
37 qualification form ~~shall not be~~ is not required. If the prospective juror is unable to fill out the form,

38 another person may assist the prospective juror in the preparation of the form and indicate that
39 such person has done so and the reason therefor. If an omission, ambiguity, or error appear in a
40 returned form, the clerk shall again send the form with instructions to the prospective juror to make
41 the necessary addition, clarification, or correction and to return the form to the clerk within 10 days
42 after its second receipt.

43 (c) Any prospective juror who fails to return a completed juror qualification form as
44 instructed shall be directed by the clerk to appear ~~forthwith~~ promptly before the clerk to fill out the
45 juror qualification form. At the time of the prospective juror's appearance for jury service, or at the
46 time of any interview before the court or clerk, any prospective juror may be required to fill out
47 another juror qualification form in the presence of the court or clerk. At that time the prospective
48 juror may be questioned with regard to the responses to questions contained on the form and the
49 grounds for the prospective juror's excuse or disqualification. Any information thus acquired by
50 the court or clerk shall be noted on the juror qualification form.

51 (d) Any person who willfully misrepresents a material fact on a juror qualification form or
52 during any interview described in subsection (c) of this section, for the purpose of avoiding or
53 securing service as a juror, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
54 not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than 30 days in jail, or both fined and imprisoned.

55 (e) Upon the clerk's receipt of the juror qualification questionnaires of persons selected as
56 prospective petit jurors, he or she shall make the questionnaires of the persons so selected
57 available, upon request, to counsel of record in the trial or trials for which the persons have been
58 selected as prospective jurors: *Provided*, That upon the conclusion of the trial the juror
59 qualification forms for persons serving on a particular trial jury may only be released with the
60 written permission of the judge who presided over the trial or his or her successor: *Provided*,
61 *however*, That if the judge denies the request, the reasons for the denial must be in writing and
62 be shared with all parties in the case and the person making the request within 30 days after filing
63 the motion.

§52-1-6. Jury wheel ~~or jury box~~; random selection of names from ~~master~~ county list for jury wheel ~~or jury box~~.

1 (a) ~~At the direction of the circuit court, the~~ The clerk for each county shall maintain a jury
2 wheel ~~or jury box, into which shall be placed~~ and place the names or identifying numbers of
3 prospective jurors taken from the ~~master~~ county list into the jury wheel, using the electronic system
4 provided by the administrative director. ~~The choice of employing a jury wheel or jury box shall be~~
5 ~~at the discretion of the circuit court or the chief judge thereof.~~

6 (b) In counties having a population of less than ~~fifteen thousand~~ 15,000 persons according
7 to the last available census, the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~ shall include at least ~~two hundred~~ 200
8 names; in counties having a population of at least ~~fifteen thousand~~ 15,000 but less than ~~fifty~~
9 ~~thousand~~ 50,000, at least ~~four hundred~~ 400 names; a population of at least ~~fifty thousand~~ 50,000
10 but less than ~~ninety thousand~~ 90,000, at least ~~eight hundred~~ 800 names; and a population of
11 ~~ninety thousand~~ 90,000 or more, at least ~~one thousand six hundred~~ 1,600 names. From time to
12 ~~time a larger or additional number may be ordered by the circuit court to be placed in the jury~~
13 ~~wheel or jury box.~~ The clerk shall take measures to ensure that a sufficient number of additional
14 jurors are drawn ~~from time to time~~ for each new term of court so that the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~ is
15 ~~refilled and additional jurors may be drawn therefrom~~ is refreshed and previous term jurors are
16 removed. ~~In October of each even-numbered year, or at such other time as the court may direct,~~
17 ~~the clerk shall remove from the jury box or jury wheel the names of all persons who have, within~~
18 ~~the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as petit jurors, grand jurors or magistrate court~~
19 ~~jurors, and who have actually attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and been~~
20 ~~reimbursed for their expenses as jurors pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-one of this~~
21 ~~article, section thirteen, article two of this chapter, or under any applicable rule or regulation of~~
22 ~~the Supreme Court of Appeals promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article~~
23 ~~five, chapter fifty of this code.~~

24 ~~(c) The names or identifying numbers of prospective jurors to be placed in the jury wheel~~
25 ~~or jury box shall be selected by the clerk at random from the master list in the following manner:~~
26 ~~The total number of names on the master list shall be divided by the number of names to be~~
27 ~~placed in or added to the jury wheel or jury box and the whole number next greater than the~~
28 ~~quotient shall be the "key number", except that the key number shall never be less than two. A~~
29 ~~"starting number" for making the selection shall then be determined by a random method from the~~
30 ~~numbers from one to the key number, both inclusive. The required number of names shall then~~
31 ~~be selected from the master list by taking in order the first name on the master list corresponding~~
32 ~~to the starting number and then successively the names appearing in the master list at intervals~~
33 ~~equal to the key number, recommencing if necessary at the start of the list until the required~~
34 ~~number of names has been selected. Upon recommencing at the start of the list, or if additional~~
35 ~~names are subsequently to be selected for the jury wheel or jury box, names previously selected~~
36 ~~from the master list shall be disregarded in selecting the additional names. The clerk is not~~
37 ~~required to, but may, use an electronic or mechanical system or device in carrying out its duties.~~
38 ~~(For example, assume a county with a master list of eight thousand nine hundred eighty names,~~
39 ~~a population of less than fifteen thousand and a desired jury box or wheel containing two hundred~~
40 ~~names. Eight thousand nine hundred eighty names divided by two hundred is forty four and nine-~~
41 ~~tenths percent. The next whole number is forty five. The clerk would take every forty fifth name~~
42 ~~on the list, using a random starting number between one and forty five.)~~

§52-1-7. Drawings from the jury wheel or jury box; notice of jury duty; penalties.

1 ~~(a) The chief judge of the circuit, or the judge in a single judge circuit, shall provide by~~
2 ~~order rules relating to the random drawing by the clerk of panels from the jury wheel or jury box~~
3 ~~for juries in the circuit and magistrate courts. The rules may allow for the drawing of panels at any~~
4 ~~time. Upon receipt of the direction and in the manner prescribed by the court, the clerk shall~~
5 ~~publicly draw at random from the jury wheel or jury box the number of jurors specified. The clerk~~

6 shall draw the prescribed number of jurors for civil and criminal trials in accordance with the most
7 recent administrative order issued by the Supreme Court of Appeals.

8 (b) If a jury is ordered to be drawn, the clerk ~~thereafter~~ shall cause each person drawn for
9 jury service to be notified not less than 20 days before the date for which the persons are to report
10 for jury duty with a summons and juror qualification form, if ~~such~~ the form has not already been
11 completed, by personal service or first class mail addressed to the person at his or her usual
12 residence, business, or post-office address, requiring him or her to report for jury service at a
13 specified time and place.

14 (c) A prospective juror who fails to appear as directed by the summons issued pursuant
15 to subsection (b) of this section shall be ordered by the court to appear and show cause for failure
16 to appear as directed. If the prospective juror fails to appear pursuant to the court's order or fails
17 to show good cause for failure to appear as directed by the summons, he or she is guilty of civil
18 contempt and shall be fined not more than \$1,000.

§52-1-7a. Alternate procedure for selection of jury by electronic data processing methods.

1 [Repealed]

§52-1-8. Disqualification from jury service.

1 (a) The court shall determine whether any prospective juror is disqualified for jury service
2 on the basis of information provided on the juror qualification form or interview with the prospective
3 juror or other competent evidence. The clerk shall enter this determination in the space provided
4 on the juror qualification form and on the alphabetical lists of names drawn from the jury wheel.
5 ~~or jury box.~~

6 (b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a jury if the prospective juror:

7 (1) Is not a citizen of the United States, at least 18 years old, and a resident of the county;

8 (2) Is unable to read, speak, and understand the English language. For the purposes of
9 this section, the requirement of speaking and understanding the English language is met by the
10 ability to communicate in American Sign Language or Signed English;

11 (3) Is incapable, by reason of substantial physical or mental disability, of rendering
12 satisfactory jury service. A person claiming this disqualification may be required to submit a
13 physician's certificate as to the disability and the certifying physician is subject to inquiry by the
14 court at its discretion;

15 (4) Has, within the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as a petit juror, grand
16 juror, or magistrate court juror and has attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and
17 been reimbursed for his or her expenses as a juror pursuant to the provisions of §52-1-21 or
18 §52-2-13 of this code, or pursuant to an applicable rule or regulation of the Supreme Court of
19 Appeals promulgated pursuant to the provisions of §50-5-8 of this code;

20 (5) Has lost the right to vote because of a criminal conviction; or

21 (6) Has been convicted of perjury, false swearing or any crime punishable by
22 imprisonment in excess of one year under the applicable law of this state, another state, or the
23 United States.

24 (c) A prospective juror 70 years of age or older is not disqualified from serving but shall be
25 excused from service by the court upon his or her request.

26 (d) A prospective grand juror is disqualified to serve on a grand jury if he or she is an
27 officeholder under the laws of the United States or of this state except that the term "officeholder"
28 does not include notaries public.

29 (e) A person who is physically disabled and can render competent service with reasonable
30 accommodation is not ineligible to act as juror and may not be dismissed from a jury panel on the
31 basis of disability alone. The circuit judge shall, upon motion by either party or upon his or her
32 own motion, disqualify a disabled juror if the circuit judge finds that the nature of potential evidence
33 in the case including, but not limited to, the type or volume of exhibits or the disabled juror's ability
34 to evaluate a witness or witnesses, unduly inhibits the disabled juror's ability to evaluate the
35 potential evidence. For purposes of this section:

36 (1) Reasonable accommodation includes, but is not limited to, certified interpreters for the
37 deaf and hard of hearing, spokespersons for the speech impaired, real-time court reporting, and
38 readers for the visually impaired.

39 (2) The court shall administer an oath or affirmation to any person present to facilitate
40 communication for a disabled juror. The substance of the oath or affirmation shall be that any
41 person present as an accommodation to a disabled juror will not deliberate on his or her own
42 behalf, although present throughout the proceedings, but act only to accurately communicate for
43 and to the disabled juror.

44 (f) Nothing in this article limits a party's right to preemptory strikes in civil or criminal
45 actions.

**§52-1-9. Assignment of jurors to jury panels; drawing of additional jurors upon shortage
of qualified jurors.**

1 (a) The jurors drawn for jury service shall be assigned at random by the clerk to each jury
2 panel in a manner prescribed by the court.

3 (b) If there is an unanticipated shortage of available petit jurors drawn from the jury wheel
4 ~~or jury box~~ the court may require the sheriff to summon a sufficient number of petit jurors selected
5 at random by the clerk from the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~ in a manner prescribed by the circuit court.

6 (c) If there is an unanticipated shortage of available grand or petit jurors, qualified jurors
7 that have not yet served on a jury in the current term may be used to replace needed jurors.

§52-1-15. Challenging compliance with selection procedures.

1 (a) Within seven days after the moving party discovers, or by the exercise of due diligence
2 could have discovered, the grounds therefor, and in any event before the petit jury is sworn to try
3 the case, a party may move to stay the proceedings, quash the indictment, or move for other
4 appropriate relief ~~as may be appropriate~~ under the circumstances or the nature of the case. The
5 motion shall set forth the facts which support the party's contention that there has been a
6 substantial failure to comply with this article in selecting the jury.

7 (b) Upon motion filed under subsection (a) of this section containing a sworn statement of
8 facts which, if true, would constitute a substantial failure to comply with this article, the moving
9 party is entitled to present, in support of the motion, the testimony of the clerk, any relevant
10 records and papers not public or otherwise available used by the clerk, and any other relevant
11 evidence. The clerk may identify the lists ~~utilized~~ used in compiling the ~~master~~ county list, but may
12 not be required to divulge the contents of ~~such~~ the lists. If the court determines that in selecting a
13 jury there has been a substantial failure to comply with this article, the court shall stay the
14 proceedings pending the selection of the jury in conformity with this article, quash an indictment
15 or grant ~~such~~ any other relief ~~as~~ the court may deem appropriate.

16 (c) In the absence of fraud, the procedures prescribed by this section are the exclusive
17 means by which a person accused of a crime, the state or a party in a civil case, may challenge
18 a jury on the ground that the jury was not selected in conformity with this article.

§52-1-16. Preservation of records.

1 (a) All records and papers compiled and maintained by the clerk in connection with
2 selection and service of jurors from the ~~master~~ county list, ~~the jury box or~~ and the jury wheel shall
3 be preserved by the clerk for at least four years after ~~such~~ the jurors were selected, or for any
4 longer period ordered by the court.

5 (b) The clerk shall make an annual report no later than March 1 of each year to the
6 Supreme Court of Appeals setting forth the following information: ~~Whether the clerk employed a~~
7 ~~jury box or jury wheel for the year reported, and~~ The age, race, and gender of each person for
8 whom a juror qualification form has been received. The Supreme Court of Appeals shall provide
9 this information to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates on an
10 annual basis, no later than April 1 of each year.

§52-1-22. Fraud in selection of jurors; penalties.

1 If any person is guilty of any fraud by tampering with the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~ prior to
2 drawing jurors ~~or any other way in the drawing of jurors, such~~ that person shall be is guilty of a

3 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in the
4 penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

**§52-1-25. Present methods of jury selection to remain in effect until preparation of master
list.**

1 [Repealed]

ARTICLE 2. GRAND JURIES.

§52-2-3. Selection and summoning of jurors.

1 The clerk of any circuit court requiring a grand jury shall, at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days before the
2 term of court, draw and assign persons for the grand jury, but the court, or judge thereof, may
3 require the clerk at any specified time to draw and assign grand jurors for either a regular, special,
4 or adjourned term of court. When required by the circuit court or the chief judge thereof, the clerk
5 shall draw the names of 16 persons from the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~, and the persons so drawn
6 shall constitute the grand jury. At the same time, the clerk shall draw the names of such additional
7 numbers of persons from the jury wheel ~~or jury box~~ as the chief judge of the circuit, or the judge
8 in a single judge circuit shall by prior order direct, and the persons so drawn shall constitute
9 alternate jurors for the grand jury. The judge may replace any absent members of the grand jury
10 from among the alternate grand jurors, in the order in which the alternate jurors were drawn. The
11 clerk shall enter the names of all persons so drawn in a book kept for that purpose and shall issue
12 summonses to the persons ~~so~~ drawn in the same manner as that provided for petit jurors in
13 ~~subsection (b), section seven, article one of this chapter~~ §52-1-7(b) of this code.